BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:)
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)
JEFFREY T. GRAY, M.D.) File No. 12-2004-156729
)
Physician's and Surgeon's)
Certificate No. G 56251)
)
Respondent.)
)

DECISION

The attached Stipulation for Surrender of License is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Division of Medical Quality of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on December 7, 2006

IT IS SO ORDERED November 30, 2006.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Cesar A. Aristeiguieta, M.D., Chair

Consolidated Panel

Division of Medical Quality

1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General	
	of the State of California	
2	JOSE R. GUERRERO Supervising Deputy Attorney General	
3	DAVID CARR, State Bar No. 131672	
4	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice	
_	455 Golden Gate Ave, Suite 11000	
5	San Francisco, California 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 703-5538	
6	Facsimile: (415) 703-5480	
7	Attorneys for Complainant	
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9	BEFORE 7	CHE
10	DIVISION OF MEDIC	CAL QUALITY
10	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
11	STATE OF CAL	IFORNIA
12		
13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 122004-156729 OAH No. 2005040715
14	JEFFREY T. GRAY, M.D. P.O. Box 5096	STIPULATION FOR SURRENDER
	Napa, California 94581	OF LICENSE
15	Physician and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 56251	
16	Pagnandant	
17	Respondent.	
18		
19	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AN	D AGREED by and between the parties to
20	the above-entitled proceedings that the following ma	atters are true:
21	Complainant David T. Thornt	on brought this action solely in his official
22	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Bo	
23	"Board"). Complainant is represented in this matter by Bill Lockyer, Attorney General of the	
24		
25	2. Respondent Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D. ("respondent") is represented in this	
26	proceeding by attorney John T. Kennedy of Nossaman, Guthner, Knox & Elliot, LLP.	
27	•	rd issued Physician and Surgeon's
28	Certificate No. G 56251 to respondent Jeffrey T. Gra	

- 4. An Accusation in case No. 122004-156729 was filed on June 13, 2005 before the Division of Medical Quality ("division"), Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs. A First Amended Accusation was filed in the case on July 12, 2006. A copy of the First Amended Accusation is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference in this stipulation.
- 5. On May 31, 2005, after holding a hearing pursuant to Government Code section 11529(d), the Office of Administrative Hearings issued an Interim Suspension Order prohibiting respondent from practicing medicine until a final decision is issued on the Accusation filed in this matter.
- 6. Respondent has carefully read and understands the nature of the charges and allegations in the Accusation and the effects of this Stipulation for Surrender of License.
- 7. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation, the right to be represented by counsel, at his own expense, the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him, the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf, the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision, and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 8. For the purpose of resolving Case No.122004-156729 without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, respondent gives up his right, as set forth in paragraph 7, above, to contest that cause for discipline exists and admits that there is a factual and legal basis for imposition of discipline against his physician and surgeon's certificate under Business and Professions Code sections 2227 and 2234.
- 9. All admissions and recitals contained in this stipulation are made solely for the purpose of settlement in this proceeding and for any other proceedings in which the Division of Medical Quality, Medical Board of California or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceedings.

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considered this matter.

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- Division of Medical Quality to issue its order accepting the surrender of his license without further process. He understands and agrees that Medical Board's staff and counsel for complainant may communicate directly with the division regarding this stipulation without notice to or participation by respondent or his counsel. If the division fails to adopt this stipulation as its Order, the Stipulation for Surrender of License, except for this paragraph, shall be of no force or effect. The Stipulation for Surrender of License shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties and the division shall not be disqualified from further action by having
- 11. Upon acceptance of the stipulation by the division, respondent understands that he will no longer be permitted to practice as a physician in California, unless and until a petition for reinstatement is granted.
- 12. Respondent fully understands and agrees that if he ever files an application for relicensure or reinstatement in the State of California, the division shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement and respondent will comply with all the laws, regulations, and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked license in effect at the time the petition is filed, except that respondent may petition the Board for reinstatement after a period of not less than two years has elapsed following the effective date of this decision. Respondent expressly admits that he committed an act of unprofessional conduct in violation of section 2234 by commencing a personal relationship with a former patient soon after the professional relationship ended. Respondent further expressly admits that he was grossly negligent in the care and treatment of that same patient, in violation of section 2234(b). Respondent understands and agrees further that these admissions of violation of section 2234 and section 2234(b) will be considered and the specific allegations of the Fourth, Eighth, and Ninth Causes for Discipline of the First Amended Accusation in Case No. 122004-156729 will be deemed to be true and correct by respondent when the division determines whether to grant or deny the petition. Respondent hereby waives any time-based defense he might otherwise have to the charges contained in the Accusation in Case No.122004-156729, including but not limited to the equitable defense of

	1	laches.
	2	13. The parties agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulation for Surrender of
	3	License, including facsimile signatures on it, shall have the same force and effect as the original
	4	Stipulation for Surrender of License.
	5	ACCEPTANCE
	6	L, Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D., have carefully read the above stipulation and have fully
	7	discussed the terms and conditions and other matters contained therein with my attorney John
	8	Kennedy. I enter into it freely and voluntarily and, with full knowledge of its force and effect, do
,	9	hereby agree to surrender my physician and surgeon's certificate No. G 56251 to the Division of
1	0	Medical Quality, Medical Roard of Colicerate Co. G 56251 to the Division of
1	1	Medical Quality, Medical Board of California for its formal acceptance. By signing this
	A	stipulation to surrender my license, I recognize that I will lose all rights and privileges to practice
1	и	as a physician and surgeon in the State of California. DATED: 1/2/06
1.	- 1	DATED: 11/0/00
į.		JEFFREY T. GRAY M.D.
		Respondent
16	-	
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18		I have read and fully discussed with respondent Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D. the terms
19	a	nd conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulation for Surrender of License. I
20	2	pprove the form of this Stipulation
21	D	ATED: 11 21/06
22		Markon D
23		Attorney for Respondent
24		Taxonicy for Respondent
25		
26		ENTONOM
27		The foregoing Stimular Co.
28	sub	The foregoing Stipulation for Surrender of License is hereby respectfully
		mitted for consideration by the Division of Medical Quality, Medical Board of California of

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.1	the Department of Consumer Affairs.
2	DATED: November 21, 2006.
3	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California
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5	Havid Cun
6	DAVID M. CARR Deputy Attorney General
7	Attorneys for Complainant
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Exhibit A:

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1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California	
2	JOSE R. GUERRERO	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General DAVID CARR, State Bar No. 131672	
4	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice	
5	455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004	
6	Telephone: (415) 703-5538 Facsimile: (415) 703-5480	
7	Attorneys for Complainant	
8	BEFORE DIVISION OF MEDI	
9	MEDICAL BOARD O	F CALIFORNIA
10	DEPARTMENT OF CON STATE OF CAI	
11		
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 122004-156729
13	JEFFREY T. GRAY, M.D. P. O. Bo 5096	OAH No. 2005040715
14	Napa, CA 94581-0096	FIRST AMENDED
15	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate G 56251	ACCUSATION
16	Respondent.	
17		1
18	Complainant alleges:	
19	PARTII	<u>ES</u>
20	1. David T. Thornton (Compla	inant) brings this Accusation solely in his
21	official capacity as the Executive Director of the Mo	edical Board of California, Department of
22	Consumer Affairs.	
23	2. On or about October 15, 1985	5, the Medical Board of California issued
- 24	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number G 56251 to Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D. (Respondent).	
25	The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the	
26	charges brought herein and expired on August 31, 2	005. Respondent's Certificate was
27	suspended by an Interim Suspension Order issued N	May 31, 2005 pursuant to Government Code
28	section 11529 upon petition by the Medical Board a	and after a noticed hearing.

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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Division of Medical Quality (Division) for the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Section 2234 of the Code states:

"The Division of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct include, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter [Chapter 5, the Medical Practice Act].
 - "(b) Gross Negligence.
- "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
 - "(d) Incompetence.
- "(e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.

- "(f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate."
 - 5. Section 125.3 of the Code states:
- "(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, the board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- "(b) In the case of a disciplined licentiate that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.
- "(c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.
- "(d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge where the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (a).
- "(e) Where an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licentiate to pay costs.
- "(f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

part:

- "(g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licentiate who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licentiate who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid costs.
- "(h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- "(i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.
- "(j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative disciplinary proceeding."
- 6. Section 14124.12 of the Welfare and Institutions Code states, in pertinent

"(a) Upon receipt of written notice from the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, or the Board of Dental Examiners of California, that a licensee's license has been placed on probation as a result of a disciplinary action, the department may not reimburse any Medi-Cal claim for the type of surgical service or invasive procedure that gave rise to the probation, including any dental surgery or invasive procedure, that was performed by the licensee on or after the effective date of probation and until the termination of all probationary terms and conditions or until the probationary period has ended, whichever occurs first. This section shall apply except in any case in which the relevant licensing board determines that compelling circumstances warrant the continued reimbursement during the probationary period of any Medi-Cal claim, including any claim for dental services, as so described. In such a case, the

department shall continue to reimburse the licensee for all procedures, except for those invasive or surgical procedures for which the licensee was placed on probation."

7. Section 2220 of the Code states:

"Except as otherwise provided by law, the Division of Medical Quality may take action against all persons guilty of violating this chapter [Chapter 5, the Medical Practice Act]. The division shall enforce and administer this article as to physician and surgeon certificate holders, and the division shall have all the powers granted in this chapter for these purposes including, but not limited to:

- "(a) Investigating complaints from the public, from other licensees, from health care facilities, or from a division of the board that a physician and surgeon may be guilty of unprofessional conduct. The board shall investigate the circumstances underlying any report received pursuant to Section 805 within 30 days to determine if an interim suspension order or temporary restraining order should be issued. The board shall otherwise provide timely disposition of the reports received pursuant to Section 805.
- "(b) Investigating the circumstances of practice of any physician and surgeon where there have been any judgments, settlements, or arbitration awards requiring the physician and surgeon or his or her professional liability insurer to pay an amount in damages in excess of a cumulative total of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) with respect to any claim that injury or damage was proximately caused by the physician's and surgeon's error, negligence, or omission.
- "(c) Investigating the nature and causes of injuries from cases which shall be reported of a high number of judgments, settlements, or arbitration awards against a physician and surgeon."
 - 8. Section 2239 of the Code states:
- "(a) The use or prescribing for or administering to himself or herself, of any controlled substance; or the use of any of the dangerous drugs specified in Section 4022, or of alcoholic beverages, to the extent, or in such a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to the licensee, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that such

use impairs the ability of the licensee to practice medicine safely or more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances referred to in this section, or any combination thereof, constitutes unprofessional conduct. The record of the conviction is conclusive evidence of such unprofessional conduct.

- "(b) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section. The Division of Medical Quality may order discipline of the licensee in accordance with Section 2227 or the Division of Licensing may order the denial of the license when the time for appeal has elapsed or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing such person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, complaint, information, or indictment."
 - 9. Section 2242 of the Code states:
- "(a) Prescribing, dispensing, or furnishing dangerous drugs as defined in Section 4022 without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- "(b) No licensee shall be found to have committed unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this section if, at the time the drugs were prescribed, dispensed, or furnished, any of the following applies:
- "(1) The licensee was a designated physician and surgeon or podiatrist serving in the absence of the patient's physician and surgeon or podiatrist, as the case may be, and if the drugs were prescribed, dispensed, or furnished only as necessary to maintain the patient until the return of his or her practitioner, but in any case no longer than 72 hours.
- "(2) The licensee transmitted the order for the drugs to a registered nurse or to a licensed vocational nurse in an inpatient facility, and if both of the following conditions

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exist:

- "(A) The practitioner had consulted with such registered nurse or licensed vocational nurse who had reviewed the patient's records.
- "(B) The practitioner was designated as the practitioner to serve in the absence of the patient's physician and surgeon or podiatrist, as the case may be.
- "(3) The licensee was a designated practitioner serving in the absence of the patient's physician and surgeon or podiatrist, as the case may be, and was in possession of or had utilized the patient's records and ordered the renewal of a medically indicated prescription for an amount not exceeding the original prescription in strength or amount or for more than one refilling.
- "(4) The licensee was acting in accordance with Section 120582 of the Health and Safety Code."
 - 10. Section 2261 of the Code states:

"Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine or podiatry which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts, constitutes unprofessional conduct."

11. Section 2238 of the Code states:

"A violation of any federal statute or federal regulation or any of the statutes or regulations of this state regulating dangerous drugs or controlled substances constitutes unprofessional conduct."

Section 726 of the Code states: 12.

"The commission of any act of sexual abuse, misconduct, or relations with a patient, client, or customer constitutes unprofessional conduct and grounds for disciplinary action for any person licensed under this division, under any initiative act referred to in this division and under Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 9000) of Division 3.

"This section shall not apply to sexual contact between a physician and surgeon and his or her spouse or person in an equivalent domestic relationship when that

physician and surgeon provides medical treatment, other than psychotherapeutic treatment, to his or her spouse or person in an equivalent domestic relationship."

- 13. Health and Safety Code section 11153(a) provides that a prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional practice.
- 14. Health and Safety Code section 11007 defines a "controlled substance" as a drug, substance, or immediate precursor listed in any schedule in Health and Safety Code sections 11054, 11055, 11056, 11057, or 11058.
- 15. Health and Safety Code section 11375(a) prohibits the possession of hydrocodone (Vicodin) without a valid prescription.
- 16. Health and Safety Code section 11375(b) forbids the possession of temazepam without a valid prescription.
- 17. Penal Code section 311.11 makes the possession of child pornography a crime.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Sexual Exploitation of a Patient)

- 18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 729 in that Respondent engaged in a sexual relationship with a patient or former patient after the physician-patient relationship was terminated primarily for the purpose of engaging in the prohibited relationship.
- 19. On or about April 4, 2004 the Medical Board received a complaint from Patricia Tyler, M.D., Psychiatric Medical Director for the Napa County Health and Human Services Agency. The complainant stated Dr. Gray, a physician employee of that county agency, had engaged in an improper sexual relationship with a female whom Dr. Gray had been treating for some years. The Medical Board initiated an investigation of the allegation. The investigation produced the following facts:
- 20. Patient M.D. was 17 years old in December 1997 when she first saw Dr. Gray as her treating psychiatrist at the Napa County Mental Health Clinic. Her psychiatric

1 treatment history dated from the age of ten. She had been hospitalized for narcotic abuse/dependency and depression just before her first office visit with Dr. Gray. Dr. Gray's 3 chart entries for patient M.D. on that first visit note "severe emotional trauma at about the age of 4 6 7 8

10 resulting in extreme acting out behavior, heavy drug use, and promiscuity." Dr. Gray prescribed various medication for M.D. including the stimulant Ritalin. To do so without careful consideration and justification in light of her history of amphetamine abuse was an extreme departure from the standard of care. Dr. Gray continued as M.D.'s treating psychiatrist until January 29, 2001. Patient M.D. informed investigators that on that January 29th office visit Dr. Gray told her he wanted to have a relationship with her and she should switch her care to Kaiser so they could do so. Dr. Gray's chart entry for that visit reads:

> "M---- came in today to request a statement documenting her disability so that she could continue on Disability Insurance. I informed her that she must now have her psychiatric tx at Kaiser also. She is okay with this since she has been out of tx for 6 months now and not in need of medications anymore. She agreed that if she needs help again, she will go to Kaiser psych."

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Respondent did not refer her to an independent psychiatrist. According to patient M.D. she and Dr. Gray engaged in sexual activity that night. The sexual relationship continued until March or April of that year. M.D. thereafter experienced a serious relapse of her psychiatric illness, becoming homeless for extended periods and requiring extended psychiatric hospitalizations. Psychiatric conservatorship was ultimately necessary.

After the Director of Mental Health of Napa County Health and Human

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- County Sheriff's Office investigators interviewed two other female patients of Dr. Gray, who stated that Dr. Gray had initiated inappropriate social contact with them while they were his patients. A non-patient female interviewed by those officers said Dr. Gray had given her the drug Wellbutrin and a second, unidentified drug for "anxiety." 22. A search warrant executed on Dr. Gray's home in the course of the

Services Agency reported the incident, county law enforcement began an investigation. Napa

criminal investigation yielded a prescription by Dr. Gray for the amphetamine Dexadrine in the name of the woman reported to be Dr. Gray's girlfriend. Officers also found a bottle of Vicodin bearing the name of another physician as prescriber and a patient not identified with Dr. Gray, an unlabeled bottle of temazepam in a bag in the bedroom and a second bottle of temazepam with no patient information in the kitchen.

- 23. Also pursuant to the search warrant, a Napa Sheriff's Office detective conducted a forensic examination of the data stored in Dr. Gray's home computer. The detective, then on assignment to the Northen California Computer Crimes Task force and a veteran of more than one hundred cases involving child pornography, found more than twenty thousand images of sexually-related activity, including several hundred images he believes violate the child pornography laws by depicting nude females who appear to be under the age of 18 engaged in explicit sexual acts.
- 24. On May 12, 2004 the Napa County District Attorney filed criminal charges against Dr. Gray, Napa Superior Court case no. CR 117641, alleging the improper relationship (Business and Professions Code section 729, a misdemeanor), possession of controlled substance (Health and Safety Code section 11350(a), a felony), unlawful controlled substance prescription (Health and Safety Code section 11153(a), a felony), possession of designated controlled substance (Health and Safety Code section 11375(b)(2), a misdemeanor), and possession of child pornography (Penal Code section 311.11(a), a misdemeanor). On July 19, 2005 Dr. Gray, with concurrence of counsel, withdrew his not guilty plea and entered a no contest plea to violation of Health and Safety Code section 11153(a)—Unlawful prescription of a controlled substance—a felony, and to violation of Health and Safety Code section 11375(b)(2)-Unlawful Possession of a Controlled Substance, a misdemeanor. The remaining criminal complaint allegations were dismissed with a Harvey waiver stipulation. On August 16, 2005 the Napa County Superior Court sentenced Dr. Gray on this conviction, granting a three year period of probation with the standard terms and conditions of criminal probation, including 45 days in the work program, with a minimum of 120 hours to be served on the work program and the balance to be completed by community service, and pay restitution in the amount of \$10,000.00 to the victim, herein identified as patient M.D.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Improper Prescription of Controlled Substance)

25. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2242 in that Respondent provided, as described above, controlled substances-the drug Welbutrin and a second, as yet unidentified drug for "anxiety" - to a non-patient in violation of section 2242, an act of unprofessional conduct.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Possession of Controlled Substance Without Valid Prescription)

26. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for violation of Business and Professions Code section 2238 and Health and Safety Code section 11350(a) in that he illicitly possessed hydrocodone.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Possession of Controlled Substance Without Valid Prescription)

27. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for violation of Business and Professions Code section 2238 and Health and Safety Code section 11375(b) in that he illicitly possessed temazepam.

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FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(False Medical Record)

28. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for violation of Business and Professions Code section 2261 in that, as described above, he knowingly made a false statement of fact in patient M.D.'s medical record while acting as her treating psychiatrist.

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SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence)

29. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for violation of Business and Professions Code section 2234(b) in that his prescribing of Ritalin to patient M.D. without evident clinical consideration and justification of her history of amphetamine abuse was an extreme departure from the standard of care.

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Possession of Child Pornography)

30. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234 of the Business and Professions Code in that he possessed child pornography, a misdemeanor as set out in Penal Code section 311.11.

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Improper Prescription of Controlled Substance)

31. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above, inclusive, are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234 of the Business and Professions Code in that he provided a controlled substance–dexidrine–to a non-patient in violation of section 2242, an act of unprofessional conduct.

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Drug related conviction)

32. The information set out in paragraphs 19 through 24 above, inclusive, are referenced and incorporated herein below as if set out in full. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2237 of the Business and Professions Code in that on or about August 16, 2005, in the Superior Court of Napa County, he was convicted of violating California Health and Safety Code sections 11153(a), felony, and 11375(b)(2), a misdemeanor.

PRAYER WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Division of Medical Quality issue a decision: Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate G 56251, issued to Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D.; 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D.'s authority to supervise physician's assistants, pursuant to section 3527 of the Code; 3. Ordering Jeffrey T. Gray, M.D., if placed on probation, to pay the Division of Medical Quality the costs of probation monitoring; Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. Executive Director Medical Board of California Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant SF2004400545 40099772.wpd

DECLARATION OF PERSONAL SERVICE

Case Name: In the Matter of the Accusation Against: JEFFREY T. GRAY

Case No.: 122004-156729

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter; my business address is: 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004.

On <u>July 13, 2006</u>, I served the attached **FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION** by personally delivering a true copy thereof to the following person(s) at the address(es) as follows:

John T. Kennedy, Esq.
NOSSAMAN, GUTHNER, KNOX & ELLIOT, LLP
915 L Street, Suite 1000
Sacramento, CA 95814-3705
Attorney for Respondent Jeffrey Thomas Gray, M.D.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on July 13, 2006, at San Francisco, California.

David Carr	Gariel Can
Declarant	Signature

40099775.wpd