1 2 3 4 5	Kamala D. Harris Attorney General of California E. A. Jones III Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 71375 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702 Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 897-2543 Facsimile: (213) 897-9395 Attorneys for Complainant	FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO OCTOBER 12 2011 BY MONTAUBAND ANALYST
7	BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	In the Matter of the Second Amended Accusation Against:	Case No. 17-2009-197998
11 12	KHRISTINE ELAINE EROSHEVICH, M.D. 501 South Beverly Drive, 3rd Floor Beverly Hills, CA 90212	Second Amended A C C U S A T I O N
13 14	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. C37980	
15 16	Respondent.	
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19	Complainant alleges: PARTIES	
20	1. Linda K. Whitney (Complainant) brings this Second Amended Accusation solely in	
21	her official capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of	
22	Consumer Affairs.	
23	2. On or about May 8, 1978, the Medical Board of California issued Physician's and	
24	Surgeon's Certificate Number C37980 to Khristine Elaine Eroshevich, M.D. (Respondent). The	
25	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate will expire, unless renewed, on November 30, 2013.	
26	JURISDICTION	
27	3. This Second Amended Accusation is brought before the Medical Board of California	
28	(Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section	
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references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

#### 4. Section 2227 of the Code states:

- "(a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the division, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
  - "(1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the division.
- "(2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon order of the division.
- "(3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation monitoring upon order of the division.
  - "(4) Be publicly reprimanded by the division.
- "(5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of probation, as the division or an administrative law judge may deem proper.
- "(b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters, medical review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations, continuing education activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that are agreed to with the division and successfully completed by the licensee, or other matters made confidential or privileged by existing law, is deemed public, and shall be made available to the public by the board pursuant to Section 803.1."

#### 5. Section 2234 of the Code states:

"The Division of Medical Quality<sup>1</sup> shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

"(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> References to the Division of Medical Quality are deemed to refer to the Medical Board of California pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 2002.

the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter [Chapter 5, the Medical Practice Act].

- "(b) Gross negligence.
- "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
  - "(d) Incompetence.
- "(e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
  - "(f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate."
- 6. Section 2261 of the Code states:

"Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine or podiatry which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts, constitutes unprofessional conduct."

- 7. Labor Code section 4628 provides as follows:
- "(a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), no person, other than the physician who signs the medical-legal report, except a nurse performing those functions routinely performed by a nurse, such as taking blood pressure, shall examine the injured employee or participate in the nonclerical preparation of the report, including all of the following:
  - (1) Taking a complete history.
  - (2) Reviewing and summarizing prior medical records.

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- (3) Composing and drafting the conclusions of the report.
- "(b) The report shall disclose the date when and location where the evaluation was performed; that the physician or physicians signing the report actually performed the evaluation; whether the evaluation performed and the time spent performing the evaluation was in compliance with the guidelines established by the administrative director pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (j) of Section 139.2 or Section 5307.6 and shall disclose the name and qualifications of each person who performed any services in connection with the report, including diagnostic studies, other than its clerical preparation. If the report discloses that the evaluation performed or the time spent performing the evaluation was not in compliance with the guidelines established by the administrative director, the report shall explain, in detail, any variance and the reason or reasons therefor.
- "(c) If the initial outline of a patient's history or excerpting of prior medical records is not done by the physician, the physician shall review the excerpts and the entire outline and shall make additional inquiries and examinations as are necessary and appropriate to identify and determine the relevant medical issues.
- "(d) No amount may be charged in excess of the direct charges for the physician's professional services and the reasonable costs of laboratory examinations, diagnostic studies, and other medical tests, and reasonable costs of clerical expense necessary to producing the report. Direct charges for the physician's professional services shall include reasonable overhead expense.
- "(e) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall make the report inadmissible as evidence and shall eliminate any liability for payment of any medical-legal expense incurred in connection with the report.
- "(f) Knowing failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall subject the physician to a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation to be assessed by a workers' compensation judge or the appeals board. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund.

- "(g) A physician who is assessed a civil penalty under this section may be terminated, suspended, or placed on probation as a qualified medical evaluator pursuant to subdivisions (k) and (l) of Section 139.2.
- "(h) Knowing failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall subject the physician to contempt pursuant to the judicial powers vested in the appeals board.
- "(i) Any person billing for medical-legal evaluations, diagnostic procedures, or diagnostic services performed by persons other than those employed by the reporting physician or physicians, or a medical corporation owned by the reporting physician or physicians shall specify the amount paid or to be paid to those persons for the evaluations, procedures, or services. This subdivision shall not apply to any procedure or service defined or valued pursuant to Section 5307.1.
- "(j) The report shall contain a declaration by the physician signing the report, under penalty of perjury, stating:

'I declare under penalty of perjury that the information contained in this report and its attachments, if any, is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, except as to information that I have indicated I received from others. As to that information, I declare under penalty of perjury that the information accurately describes the information provided to me and, except as noted herein, that I believe it to be true.'

The foregoing declaration shall be dated and signed by the reporting physician and shall indicate the county wherein it was signed.

- "(k) The physician shall provide a curriculum vitae upon request by a party and include a statement concerning the percent of the physician's total practice time that is annually devoted to medical treatment."
- 8. Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 49.8 provides as follows:

"A medical evaluation concerning a claim for psychiatric injury (whether specific

or cumulative in nature) shall not be completed by a QME[<sup>2</sup>] in less than one hour of face to face time. One hour is considered the minimum allowable face to face time for an uncomplicated evaluation. The evaluator shall state in the evaluation report the amount of face to face time actually spent with the injured worker and explain in detail any variance below the minimum amount of face to face time stated in this regulation."

9. Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 49 provides in pertinent part as follows:

"(b) Face to Face time. "Face to face time" means only that time the evaluator is present with an injured worker. This includes the time in which the evaluator performs such tasks as taking a history, performing a physical examination or discussing the worker's medical condition with the worker. Face to face time excludes time spent on research, records review and report writing. Any time spent by the injured worker with clinical or clerical staff who perform diagnostic or laboratory tests (including blood tests or x-rays) or time spent by the injured worker in a waiting room or other area outside the evaluation room is not included in face to face time."

10. Penal Code section 118, subdivision (a), provides as follows:

"Every person who, having taken an oath that he or she will testify, declare, depose, or certify truly before any competent tribunal, officer, or person, in any of the cases in which the oath may by law of the State of California be administered, willfully and contrary to the oath, states as true any material matter which he or she knows to be false, and every person who testifies, declares, deposes, or certifies under penalty of perjury in any of the cases in which the testimony, declarations, depositions, or certification is permitted by law of the State of California under penalty of perjury and willfully states as true any material matter which he or she knows to be false, is guilty of perjury.

"This subdivision is applicable whether the statement, or the testimony, declaration, deposition, or certification is made or subscribed within or without the State of California."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Qualified Medical Examiner.

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#### Section 2236 of the Code states as follows: 11.

- "(a) The conviction of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter. The record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred.
- "(b) The district attorney, city attorney, or other prosecuting agency shall notify the Division of Medical Quality of the pendency of an action against a licensee charging a felony or misdemeanor immediately upon obtaining information that the defendant is a licensee. The notice shall identify the licensee and describe the crimes charged and the facts alleged. The prosecuting agency shall also notify the clerk of the court in which the action is pending that the defendant is a licensee, and the clerk shall record prominently in the file that the defendant holds a license as a physician and surgeon.
- "(c) The clerk of the court in which a licensee is convicted of a crime shall, within 48 hours after the conviction, transmit a certified copy of the record of conviction to the board. The division may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of a crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
- "(d) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction after a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section and Section 2236.1. The record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred."

## FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

### (Dishonest Acts)

12. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (e), of the Code in that she engaged in dishonest acts by making false statements in a psychiatric report and billing statement regarding a workers compensation claimant. The circumstances are as follows:

# Claimant T.P.

On or about September 11, 2006, workers compensation claimant T.P. was A.

scheduled for an October 12, 2006, psychiatric evaluation with Respondent. The evaluation was subsequently rescheduled to November 2, 2006.

- B. On or about November 2, 2006, claimant T.P. presented to Respondent's office for a psychiatric evaluation. An employee of Respondent, K. Cahoon, an unlicensed and/or non-certified history taker, met with the claimant and took a psychiatric history. A colleague of Respondent, John A. Cahman, Ph.D., met with the claimant and performed a mental status exam. The claimant did not meet with Respondent face to face at any time.
- C. On or about November 2, 2006, Respondent signed a Preliminary Report regarding claimant T.P. in which Respondent stated, "The above named patient was examined by me." This statement was false since in truth and fact, Respondent did not examine the patient.
- D. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent provided a 38 page report, entitled "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry," regarding claimant T.P. to the State Compensation Insurance Fund. Respondent declared under penalty of perjury as follows: "I, Khristine Eroshevich, M.D., Ph.D., personally took the pertinent history of the applicant and performed the psychiatric examination." This statement was false since in truth and fact, Respondent did not personally take the history nor personally perform the psychiatric examination of claimant T.P. Respondent in the same report also declared under penalty of perjury that "[A]ll tests were administered, scored and interpreted by me (unless otherwise indicated)." This statement was false since in truth and fact, Respondent did not administer any of the tests. Respondent signed the name of John A. Cahman, Ph.D. to the "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry" regarding claimant T.P. without the authorization of John A. Cahman, Ph.D.
- E. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent billed the State Compensation Insurance Fund for an Initial Complex Psychiatric Evaluation. On the billing statement was written the following: "This report constitutes an ML 103 Complex Med-Legal Evaluation. Over four hours were spent in interviewing the applicant and preparing this report....This is a psychiatric evaluation." This billing statement was false since in truth and fact

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she failed to conduct a face-to-face psychiatric examination of claimant T.P. in connection

with her "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry," regarding claimant T.P.

- C. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent was negligent when she authored the "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry" regarding claimant T.P. without first having conducted a face-to-face psychiatric examination of claimant T.P.
- D. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent was negligent when she signed under penalty of perjury the "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry" regarding claimant T.P. in which she declared that she had personally examined claimant T.P. when in fact she had not.
- E. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent was negligent when she signed the name of John A. Cahman, Ph.D. to the "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry" regarding claimant T.P. without the authorization of John A. Cahman, Ph.D.
- F. On or about November 23, 2006, Respondent was negligent when she billed for services that she did not personally perform in connection with the "Qualified Medical Evaluation: Psychiatry" regarding claimant T.P. and overstated the quantity of time spent in rendering those services.

#### SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Conviction of a Crime)

- 17. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2236 of the Code in that she was convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon. The circumstances are as follows:
  - A. On or about November 21 and 24, 2006, Respondent wrote a prescription for C.U. for a controlled substance, an opiate, specifically, hydrocodone and acetaminophen (Vicodin) 5/500 mg tablets, quantity 50. Respondent called the prescription in to Unipharma Pharmacy in Los Alamitos, California. Respondent subsequently picked up the prescription from the pharmacy that same day. In truth and fact, C.U. was not and had never been a patient of Respondent and had never sought such medications from Respondent. The birth date provided to Unipharma in connection with the prescription for C.U. was also false. The birth date provided by Respondent in connection with the

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prescriptions was the same as her husband's birth date.

- B. On or about March 13, 2009, in the case of *People of the State of California v. Khristine Eroshevich, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BA353907, Respondent was charged in Count 7 of a felony complaint with obtaining a prescription for controlled substances, opiates, by fraud, deceit or misrepresentation in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a), a felony, which conduct occurred on or between October 17, 2006, and November 24, 2006.
- C. On or about October 30, 2009, in the case of *People of the State of California v. Khristine Eroshevich, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BA353907, after a preliminary hearing, Respondent was held to answer on Count 7 of the felony complaint referenced above.
- D. On or about December 11, 2009, in the case of *People of the State of California* v. *Khristine Eroshevich, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BA353907, an Information was filed realleging the allegations in Count 7 of the Felony Complaint referred to above.
- E. On or about October 28, 2010, in the case of *People of the State of California v. Khristine Eroshevich, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BA353907, Respondent was convicted by jury of the allegation in Count 7 of the Information that Respondent unlawfully prescribed a controlled substance, an opiate, namely, Hydrocodone (Vicodin), on November 24, 2006, by fraud, deceit or misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a), a felony.
- F. On or about January 6, 2011, in the case of *People of the State of California v. Khristine Eroshevich, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BA353907, Count 7 was reduced to a misdemeanor and Respondent was sentenced in Count 7 to one year of summary probation and ordered to pay certain fines and fees totaling \$170.00.

## 1 SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 2 (Unprofessional Conduct) Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234 of the Code in that he 18. 3 engaged in unprofessional conduct. The circumstances are as follows: 4 The facts and circumstances set forth in paragraphs 12 through 17 above are 5 A. incorporated here as if fully set forth. 6 7 **PRAYER** WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, 8 and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision: 9 Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number C37980, 10 issued to Khristine Elaine Eroshevich, M.D. 11 Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Khristine Eroshevich, M.D.'s authority 2. 12 to supervise physician assistants, pursuant to section 3527 of the Code; 13 Ordering Khristine Eroshevich, M.D., if placed on probation, to pay the Medical 3. 14 Board of California the costs of probation monitoring; 15 4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. 16 17 18 DATED: <u>October 12, 2011</u> 19 **Executive Director** 20 Medical Board of California Department of Consumer Affairs 21 State of California Complainant 22 23 LA2011503116 50959009.docx 24 25 26 27 28